VARIABLE TRANSFORMERS





Single-phase Built-in Variable Transformers Three-phase Built-in Variable Transformers Motor driven Variable Transformers Desk top Variable Transformers Power Supplies

General

METREL is well known producer of variable transformers and power supplies which are widely accepted in laboratories, industry, schools.

The competitiveness of these products is based on a good price/performance ratio. They are robust in construction, they have low magnetizing current, low operating torque and no distortion or harmonics added. Copper winding is precision wound on a toroidal core.

Tradition with 50 years of experience in continuous production, product control, testing, safety, permanent improvements and, customer service are fil rouge in the production of METREL variable transformers.

Complete information on variable transformers and complete instrument product groups of METREL can be found on www. metrel.si.

METREL variable transformers are available as:

- Single or poly phase types
- Autotransformer or insulated variable transformer
- Manual or motor driven variable transformer
- Open / panel mount or enclosed construction
- Air-cooled, optional oil-cooled variable transformer

METREL variable transformers provide continuously adjustable voltage from zero to 100% or 113% of the line voltage. Their operation is simple and efficient.

Cooper wire is wound on a toroidal core by using high precision winding machines.

Sliding trace of the winding is properly smoothed to provide low resistance and long wearing track for the carbon brush. Some models are silver plated, providing lower output impedance. The core is made of strip-wound oriented silicon steel for low electrical losses and high magnetic densities. The coil is insulated from the core by means of a special insulation support that also prevents movement of coil turns. Variable transformers are wound in a manner to ensure that voltage between the two turns is small enough to avoid harmful sparking or excessive heating of shorted turns.



METREL variable transformers provide an output voltage waveform that is a precise reproduction of the applied input voltage waveform. Slider is mounted on shaft but electrically insulated from it. With a brush holder, it serves also as a heat sink. Only standard METREL variable transformers are listed in this catalogue.

Technical regulation

Three general regulations serve as a base for function, quality and safety of METREL variable transformers: European Low voltage directive 2006/95/EC (2014/35), International standard IEC 61558-1:2005+A1:2009 and IEC 61558-2-14:2012.

Applications

METREL variable transformers are applied to various products or applications including the following:

- Power supplies
- Laboratory and test equipment
- Speed control devices
- Computer peripheral equipment
- Welding controls
- Variable speed devices for large machinery
- Electroplating and anodising
- High-voltage electronic tube circuits
- Spare supply regulators in broadcast transmitters
- Voltage stabilizers
- High voltage test set
- Meter test bench
- Hydro generation plants
- Battery chargers
- DC motor controls
- Plastic blow moulding machines
- Control of furnace transformers
- Lightening regulation
- Laboratory stirrers
- AC, DC brush motors
- High current motorized voltage regulators
- High current plastic plating operations

Technical performances

High reliability

METREL variable transformers are practically maintenance free. Long-life operation is assured with:

- Precision winding
- Surface forming of winding
- Tight tolerances in preparing sliding track
- Deep varnishing and baking also for fixing winding structure
- A spring-loaded solid carbon brush

Power factor

Power factor of load has very little effect on the operation of a METREL variable transformer in the range from 0.5 lagging to 0.5 leading. Like any transformer, the METREL variable transformer reflects the load power factor to the line with very little change.

Only for very light loads, possibly under 10%, will the lagging power factor of the METREL variable transformer become significant due to magnetizing current.

High efficiency

METREL variable transformers have low electrical losses under all load conditions.

Efficiency is 98.5 percent at maximum output voltage selected. This efficiency remains high, even at greatly reduced load voltage.

Ambient temperature

METREL variable transformers are designed for continuous operation in ambient of 0 °C to 40 °C, at full rated load. When operated above 40 °C, the output power must be derated in accordance with diagram 1. For example, when operating model HSH 230/4 in a 60 °C ambient, rated output current would be: 70 % x 4 A = 2.8 A.



Frequency

All METREL variable transformers are designed for operation at 50/400 Hz. They may be operated at higher frequencies, without derating, however regulation becomes poorer. Units listed for 230 V operations may be applied on 115 V at 25 Hz, however rated currents remain the same.

Linear output voltage

METREL variable transformers have the advantage of providing output voltage that varies linearly in proportion to the angle of rotation of the output voltage selector. Because of the large number of increments of output voltage selection with the slider, the output voltage is practically steeples.



 $\Delta Uo/\Delta Uo$ max for autotransformer / Uo max = Uin
 $\Delta Uo/\Delta Uo$ max for autotransformer / Uo max > Uin
 $\Delta Uo/\Delta Uo$ (at Uo = Uin) for separate secondary
 ∆Uo/Uo for separate secondary
 $\Delta Uo/Uo$ for autotransformer / Uo max = Uin
 Δ Uo/Uo for autotransformer / Uo max > Uin

Installation guidelines

For safety and reliable operation of METREL variable transformers the following requirements need to be fulfilled:

- good venting
- appropriate wiring
- over current protection
- avoiding corrosive, high humidity and dust places or protection against these environmental conditions,
- preventing short circuits on axis,
- appropriate design and construction of equipment with built-in variable transformers.

Venting of power devices reduces their heating and thus rat-

ed performances can be applied. Power lines must have high enough cross-section, be fixed and secured with good contact to prevent overheating and additional voltage drops. Primary overcurrent breaking device must be properly selected and use of load protection fuses is recommended. Fuses / residual circuit breakers (RCD) prevent excessive heating due to overload and prevent fire generation as a result of overheating.

Regardless if the variable transformers are designed for harsh environment, it is best for reliable operation and long lifetime to keep them in non-aggressive environment. The axis is on one side connected to metal base. If the other side of axis is electrically connected to the same base (through the housing), this will present a short circuit coil of the transformer with increasing power consumption, overheating, and even generating high leakage currents and stray magnetic fields.

It is important that the brushes are not leaving in one spot for extended periods to avoid gradually increase contact resistance and eventual overheating and damage of the variable transformer unit.

Options

Parallel connections

METREL has a solution for paralleling two single-phase transformers. Output current can be doubled by using the balancing choke and mechanical paralleling of sliders on common shaft.

Serial connections

Serial connection is intended for application of variable transformers in installations with higher input voltage than rated. Two variable transformers of the same type are connected in series and enable operation with double voltage of rated for one.

Dual voltage tap slides

This possibility enables generating variable differential voltage with the same or opposite phase related to input voltage. Typical applications are boosting regulators.

Shaft modifications

The shaft provided with each model accommodates the MET-REL transformer's voltage selector knob when mounted on panels not exceeding the thickness shown in dimension data. Modification to the shaft, either in length or end diameter, is available for both manual and motor-operated units.

Product groups

- a) Open variable transformer types (subassemblies for panel mount or other built-in equipment) HSG; HST; HTG; HSM; HTM with Accessories (Buttons, Scales, Motor drives)
- b) Desk top variable transformer types (HSN, HTN)
- c) Power supplies (MA 4804, MA 4852, MA 4853)

General technical data	
Frequency range:	50 Hz - 400 Hz
Mechanical angle:	340 , core size up to M200
	320 , other core sizes
Protection class:	
Pollution degree:	2
Protection degree:	IP 20
Altitude (operation):	2000 m
Test voltage (input to metallic accessible parts):	2500 V a.c. rms, 50 Hz, 2 s
Test voltage (input/output, HST):	4000 V a.c. rms, 50 Hz, 2 s
Operating temperature range:	-5 °C to 40°C
Operating humidity range:	90 % RH (40 °C), non-condensing
Storage temperature range:	-15 °C to 70 °C



One-phase Built-in Variable Transformers

HSG - Autotransformers

The HSG series voltage transformers are often built in test equipment or permanent installations.

Output voltage is controlled with a large, slip-protected knob. Output voltage is increased linearly as the knob is turned clockwise. The user is required to add adequate external over-current protection device like fuse or circuit breaker.

All models are suitable for 50 Hz/60 Hz frequency range. Single- and 3-phase models are available with various current ratings. Output voltage is precisely controlled. Autotransformer design allows optional voltage boost.

Because of demanding applications all Metrel variacs are designed to exhibit superior resistance to high temperature, humidity and mechanical shocks/vibrations.

Used in hardwired, permanent installations wherever operational or performance points need to be varied.





M15



M100 - M300













Drawing 3

HSG type (Inpu	t voltage 23	0 V)						Dimensions	;		
Output voltage	0 ÷ 230 V		Output voltage	0 ÷ 260 V				Model	а	d1	
Туре	ls (A)	P (VA)	Туре	ls (A)	P (VA)	Mass (kg)	Model	M15	52	85	
HSG 230/1	1.0	230	HSG 260/0.8	0.8	208	1.4	M15	M30	74	100	
HSG 230/1.6	1.6	368	HSG 260/1.2	1.2	312	2.4	M30 or M30/C	M30/C	74	100	
HSG 230/2	2.0	460	HSG 260/1.4	1.4	364	2.4	M30 or M30/C	M50	83	119	
HSG 230/3	3.0	690	HSG 260/2.5	2.5	650	3.5	M50	M100	86	125	
HSG 230/4.5	4.5	1035	HSG 260/3.5	3.5	910	4.6	M100	M200	100	153	
HSG 230/6	6.0	1380	HSG 260/4.5	4.5	1170	4.6	M100	M250	110	174	
HSG 230/8	8.0	1840	HSG 260/6.3	6.3	1638	7.0	M200	M300	149	226	
HSG 230/10	10.0	2300	HSG 260/8	8.0	2080	7.0	M200	M400	155	300	
HSG 230/12	12.0	2760	HSG 260/10	10.0	2600	9.2	M250	M500	175	340	
HSG 230/18	18.0	4140	HSG 260/15	15.0	3900	13.3	M300				
HSG 230/23	23.0	5290	HSG 260/20	20.0	5200	14.0	M400				
HSG 230/32	32.0	7360	HSG 260/30	30.0	7800	20.5	M500				







M30, M50









Drawing 4

d2	h	1.00	Drawing	
26	70	20	1	
26	100	20	2	
-	100	27.5	2	
26	100	20	2	
80, 95,	100 121	30	3	
80, 95,	100 121	30	3	
80, 95,	100 121	30	3	
100	117	52	3	
160	120	52	4	
160	135	52	4	



HST - Separating transformers

Variable, coupled with insulation transformers are utilized for personnel safety in addition to provide variable voltages for testing purposes. In general they are equally suitable for any of the testing, engineering or control function like ordinary variacs based on autotransformer design. Additionally they can isolate sensitive equipment from interference and ground noise.



Optional Accessories Buttons Type 45 Type 80 Type For model Dimension (Ø x h) Code No. 90 280 107 M15 45 x 22 mm 45 x 22 mm 45 x 22 mm M30 90 280 107 45 M50 45 90 280 107 M100 80 x 23,5 mm 90 280 108 80 80 x 23,5 mm 80 M200 90 280 108 80 M205 80 x 23,5 mm 90 280 108 80 M300 80 x 23,5 mm 90 280 108 80 M400 80 x 23,5 mm 90 280 108 80 x 23,5 mm 80 M500 90 280 108 80 HST 80 x 23,5 mm 90 280 096



iype	U output (V)	Dimension (Ø)	Code No.
84	0 - 48	84 mm	17 285 684
84	0 - 230	84 mm	18 285 023
84	0 - 260	84 mm	18 285 024
84	0 - 400	84 mm	18 285 029
84	0 - 450	84 mm	18 285 030
84	0 - 100 %	84 mm	18 285 027
120	0 - 230	120 mm	18 285 025
120	0 - 260	120 mm	18 285 026
120	0 - 400	120 mm	18 285 031
120	0 - 450	120 mm	18 285 032
120	0 - 100 %	120 mm	18 285 028
120	0 - 100 %	120 mm	18 285 048**
** for	HST type		5



 HST type
 Up (V)
 Us (V)
 Is (A)
 P (VA)
 Mass (kg)

 HST 0102
 230
 0 ÷ 245 (230)*
 3.1
 713
 7.8

 * at rated output current

Туре	а	d1	d2	h	1	Drawing
HST 0102	98	155	127	134	30	5





Three-phase Built-in Variable Transformers

HTG - Autotransformers

3-phase connections

METREL three-phase transformers are suitable for connection to either delta or star connected incoming power sources or loads. They are always star connected and have a neutral connection accessible. A common shaft rotates all output voltage sliders in parallel.

3-phase METREL transformers with 3-wire connection to 3-phase supply system can be used to feed 3-wire, 3-phase balanced loads. In this case the common connection (or "virtual neutral") of the METREL unit should not be used. Less than 10% of rated current of variable transformers flowing into virtual neutral would keep unbalance of three-phase output in reasonable limits.

With a three phase, 4-wire system input, the system neutral should be solidly connected to the common or "neutral" point of the METREL unit. This will prevent neutral shift and possible damage or failure of the unit. Full-range voltage control cannot be obtained from a three-phase METREL unit consisting of three single-phase units connected in closed delta. Outside the factory, it is not practical to convert multiple single-phase models to balanced three-phase applications because of associated mechanical problems.



3/M15







Drawing 1

HTG type (Input	HTG type (Input voltage 400 V)								
Output voltage	0 ÷ 400 V		Output voltage	Output voltage 0 ÷ 450 V					
Туре	ls (A)	P (VA)	Туре	ls (A)	P (VA)	Mass (kg)	Model		
HTG 400/1	1.0	690	HTG 450/0.8	0.8	624	4.85	3/M15		
HTG 400/1.6	1.6	1104	HTG 450/1.2	1.2	935	8.1	3/M30		
HTG 400/2	2.0	1380	HTG 450/1.4	1.4	1092	8.1	3/M30		
HTG 400/3	3.0	2070	HTG 450/2.5	2.5	1950	11.9	3/M50		
HTG 400/4.5	4.5	3105	HTG 450/3.5	3.5	2730	15.1	3/M100		
HTG 400/6	6.0	4140	HTG 450/4.5	4.5	3510	15.1	3/M100		
HTG 400/8	8.0	5520	HTG 450/6.3	6.3	4914	23.6	3/M200		
HTG 400/10	10.0	6900	HTG 450/8	8.0	6240	23.6	3/M200		
HTG 400/12	12.0	8280	HTG 450/10	10.0	7800	29.8	3/M250		
HTG 400/18	18.0	12420	HTG 450/15	15.0	11700	51.2	3/M300		
HTG 400/23	23.0	15870	HTG 450/20	20.0	15600	56	3/M400		
HTG 400/32	32.0	22080	HTG 450/30	30.0	23400	70	3/M500		





3/M30, 3/M50







а

154

234

243

243

243

243

b

284

284

284

с

246

323 323

370

370

370

402

402 466

Dimensions Model

3/M15

3/M30

3/M50

3/M100

3/M200

3/M250

3/M300

3/M400

3/M500

3/M100, 3/M200, 3/M250







d

80

80

110

160

160

178

249 249

3/M300, 3/M400, 3/M500





8





Drawing 4

Drawing

3

3

3

4

4

4

h

15

15

18

21

21

21

Special version



Buttons Type 45 Type 80 Type For model Dimension (Ø x h) Code No. 90 280 107 M15 45 x 22 mm 90 280 107 90 280 107 45 x 22 mm 45 x 22 mm M30 45 45 M50 80 M100 80 x 23,5 mm 90 280 108 80 x 23,5 mm 90 280 108 80 M200 80 M205 80 x 23,5 mm 90 280 108 80 M300 80 x 23,5 mm 90 280 108 80 M400 80 x 23,5 mm 90 280 108 M500 80 x 23,5 mm 90 280 108 80 80 HST 80 x 23,5 mm 90 280 096

Scales	
Type 84	Type 120

Туре	U output (V)	Dimension (Ø)	Code No.
84	0 - 48	84 mm	17 285 684
84	0 - 230	84 mm	18 285 023
84	0 - 260	84 mm	18 285 024
84	0 - 400	84 mm	18 285 029
84	0 - 450	84 mm	18 285 030
84	0 - 100 %	84 mm	18 285 027
120	0 - 230	120 mm	18 285 025
120	0 - 260	120 mm	18 285 026
120	0 - 400	120 mm	18 285 031
120	0 - 450	120 mm	18 285 032
120	0 - 100 %	120 mm	18 285 028
120	0 - 100 %	120 mm	18 285 048**
** for	HST type		7







е

100

100

124

130

178

178

275 310 350

f

48

55

64

67

90

90

138

155 175

g

105

110

149

153

200

200

275 310 350

Optional Accessories





Motor driven Variable Transformers

HSM - single phase, HTM - three phase

METREL motor-operated units differ from manual types primarily in the means used to rotate the shaft to vary output voltage. A synchronous motor is used to position the slider. The motor is reversible by means of a SPDT switch (not supplied) and operates on 230 V, 50 / 60 Hz. Integrated limit switches prevent overriding the winding edges.

Typical methods for controlling METREL motor-operated units include:

- Manual increase/decrease switch consists of either momentary-contact push-button or lever-type toggle switch.
- Relays and contactors control the increase/decrease power to the motor as a result of low-level signals from external circuitry. Example: photoelectric cells or thermostat signals can provide the input.
- Process control instrumentation can be used for closed-loop, precise control, and more sophisticated circuitry to provide the raise-fall switching for the motor.

Motor operating time refers to the number of seconds for the motor to traverse its full range in one direction. METREL transformers have standard 23 s motor operating time. Other motor operating times are optional.

Variable transformer with motor drive





Remote control application princible (230 V motor)

HSM type (Input voltage 230 V)								HTM type (Inp	HTM type (Input voltage 400 V)		
Output voltage () ÷ 230 V		Output voltage 0 ÷ 260 V				Output voltage 0 ÷ 400 V				
Туре	ls (A)	P (VA)	Туре	ls (A)	P (VA)	Mass (kg)	Model	Туре	ls (A)	P (VA)	
HSM 230/3	3.0	690	HSM 260/2.5	2.5	650	4.5	M50	HTM 400/3	3.0	2070	
HSM 230/4.5	4.5	1035	HSM 260/3.5	3.5	910	5.6	M100	HTM 400/4.5	4.5	3105	
HSM 230/6	6.0	1380	HSM 260/4.5	4.5	1170	5.6	M100	HTM 400/6	6.0	4140	
HSM 230/8	8.0	1840	HSM 260/6.3	6.3	1638	8.0	M200	HTM 400/8	8.0	5520	
HSM 230/10	10.0	2300	HSM 260/8	8.0	2080	8.0	M200	HTM 400/10	10.0	6900	
HSM 230/12	12.0	2760	HSM 260/10	10.0	2600	10.2	M250	HTM 400/12	12.0	8280	
HSM 230/18	18.0	4140	HSM 260/15	15.0	3600	14.3	M300	HTM 400/18	18.0	12420	
HSM 230/23	23.0	5290	HSM 260/20	20.0	5200	15.0	M400	HTM 400/23	23.0	15870	
HSM 230/32	32.0	7360	HSM 260/30	30.0	7800	21.5	M500	HTM 400/32	32.0	22080	



M 50, M100, M200, M250



3/M50, 3/M100, 3/M200, 3/M250, 3/M300, 3/M400, 3/M500







Drawing 3



HTM 450/2.5	2.5	1950	12.9	3/M50
HTM 450/3.5	3.5	2730	16.1	3/M100
HTM 450/4.5	4.5	3510	16.1	3/M100
HTM 450/6.3	6.3	4914	24.6	3/M200
HTM 450/8	8.0	6240	24.6	3/M200
HTM 450/10	10.0	7800	30.8	3/M250
HTM 450/15	15.0	11700	46.5	3/M300
HTM 450/20	20.0	15600	49.0	3/M400
HTM 450/30	30.0	23400	71.5	3/M500

M300, M400, M500





d f k Drawing е g h 25 Ø4.5 M50 Ø4.5 M100 Ø9 M200 Ø9 M250 Ø9 M300 Ø10.5 M400 M500 Ø10.5 Drawing Model b d (d*) **e** 124 k f **g** Ø7 h i i а с 3/M50 3/M100 3/M200 178 Ø7 3/M250 Ø9 3/M300 216* 3/M400 3/M500 249*





Desk top Variable Transformers

HSN - single phase, HTN - three phase

The HSN and HTN series voltage transformers are fully housed, thus providing protection from physical accidents, and other hazards. Generally they are used wherever adjustable a.c. voltage is required. Output voltage is precisely controlled.

Output voltage is controlled with a large, slip-protected knob. Output voltage is increased linearly as the knob is turned clockwise. All models are equipped with power cord, illuminated on/off switch and external PE terminal and optional with appropriate plug connector. They are marked with output voltage in volts (corresponding to nominal input voltage).

They can be conveniently moved around laboratory, production or equipment service area to provide adjustable voltage.

All models are suitable for 50 Hz/60 Hz frequency range. Single- and 3-phase models are available with various current ratings.





3/M200, 3/M250

3/M300, 3/M400, 3/M500

M100, M200, M250



M300, M400, M500







HSN type							
Туре	Up (V)	Us (V)	ls (A)	P (VA)	Mass (Kg)	Model	Dimension (x x h x l)
HSN 260/4.5	230	0 ÷ 260	4.5	1170	5.4	M100	170 x 155 x 220 mm
HSN 260/8	230	0 ÷ 260	8.0	2080	7.9	M200	203 x 155 x 253 mm
HSN 260/10	230	0 ÷ 260	10.0	2600	10.1	M250	270 x 155 x 320 mm
HSN 260/15	230	0 ÷ 260	15.0	3900	18.6	M300	285 x 228 x 315 mm
HSN 260/20	230	0 ÷ 260	20.0	5200	20.1	M400	318 x 228 x 348 mm
HSN 260/30	230	0 ÷ 260	30.0	7800	28.2	M500	357 x 228 x 387 mm
HTN type							
Туре	Up (V)	Us (V)	ls (A)	P (VA)	Mass (Kg)	Model	Dimension (x x h x l)
HTN 450/8	400	0 ÷ 450	8.0	6240	28.7	3/M200	240 x 420 x 285 mm
HTN 450/10	400	0 ÷ 450	10.0	7800	34.7	3/M250	240 x 420 x 285 mm
HTN 450/15	400	0 ÷ 450	15.0	11700	52.5	3/M300	285 x 520 x 315 mm
HTN 450/20	400	0 ÷ 450	20.0	15600	56.0	3/M400	318 x 520 x 348 mm
HTN 450/30	400	0 ÷ 450	30.0	23400	79.4	3/M500	357 x 590 x 405 mm





Power Supplies

MA - Power Supplies

The MA 4804, MA 4852 and MA 4853 are power supply units with the built-in variable transformers permiting a continuous voltage adjustment within the limits of declared specifications. The transformers have separate primary and secondary windings resulting in galvanic isolation of the mains circuit from output circuit. This is frequent requirement for energizing specific electrical devices. The power supply units are equipped with V-meter and A-meter, which allow a permanent control over output voltage and current. They are overload-protected with a circuit-breaker which disconnects the secondary circuits when a short-circuit condition occurs at the output.

Field Application

The MA 4804, MA 4852 and MA 4853 power supply units are used in electronic industry (electrical and control labs), in service workshops, in technical education, etc., briefly everywhere adjustable supply voltage is needed, or where for

technical or safety reasons the power supply source has to be galvanically insulated from the mains. Test voltage of 4 kV a.c. rms between input and output enables using the units in CAT III 300 V environment.

Characteristics

MA 4804 is a source of adjustable a.c. voltage from 0 to 245 V, with permissible permanent load of 3.1 A. The unit contains special circuit to prevent high inrush current.

MA 4852 is a low-voltage source of a.c. and d.c. voltage. The d.c. voltage can be adjusted in the range of 0 to 46 V and a.c. voltage from 0 to 33 V. The permissible total current load is 6 A. The power supply unit has a built-in C filter for filtering out d.c. voltage.

MA 4853 is a power supply unit with improved characteristic of MA 4852. A CLC filter is incorporated for d.c. output voltage smoothing.



Technical Specification

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
	MA 4804	MA 4852	MA 4853	Load/overload charact
Power supply:	230 V, 50-60 Hz	230 V, 50-60 Hz	230 V, 50-60 Hz	
Output voltage:				lout % MA 4804
a.c. voltage	0 ÷ 245 V (230 V)*	0 ÷ 33 V (30 V)*	0 ÷ 33 V (30 V)*	300
d.c. voltage	-	0 ÷ 46 V (32 V)*	0 ÷ 46 V (32 V)*	
Maximum continuous permanent currents:	3.1 A	6 A (d.c. + a.c.ef)	6 A (d.c. + a.c.ef)	200
Ripple of the d.c. output:	-	<15 Vpp (I=6 A)	<200 mVpp (I= 6 A)	IN 100 -3.1A
	-	<3.5 Vpp (I=1 A)	<30 mVpp (I= 1 A)	0
Operating temperature range:	-5 ÷ +40 °C	-5 ÷ +40 °C	-5 ÷ +40 °C	0.1 1 10 1
Dimensions (w x h x l):	228 x 216 x 210 mm	228 x 216 x 210 mm	228 x 216 x 210 mm	
Weight:	11 kg	8.2 kg	9.1 kg	
				lout % MA 4852, MA 485
* at rated output ourrapt				300

* at rated output current



teristics



11

Short Glossary

Transformer - is a static piece of apparatus which, by electro-magnetic induction, transforms alternating voltage and current between two or more windings at the same frequency and usually at different values of voltage and current.

Variable transformer - denotes a transformer where the transformation ratio can be altered almost infinitely under load, by means of a current wihich is moved along a path in contact with successive locally turns along the winding and in a direction parallel to the axis.

Separating transformer - denotes a transformer with one or more imput winding(s) separated from the output winding(s) by least basic insulation.

Autotransformer - An autotransformer has only a single winding which is tapped at some point along the winding. AC or pulsed voltage is applied across a portion of the winding, and a higher (or lower) voltage is produced acros another portion af the same winding.

Power factor - The power factor of an AC electric power system is defined as the ratio of the real power to the apparent power, and is a number between 0 to 1 inclusive. Real power is the capacity of the preforming work in a particular time. Apparent power is the product of the current and voltage of the circuit.

Brush (electric) - In electrical engineering, brushes conduct current between stationary wires and moving parts, most commonly in a rotating shaft.

Note! Photographs in this catalogue may slightly differ from the instruments at the time of delivery. Subject to technical change without notice.



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